

Central research question:	
<i>How should the complex problems caused by crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law be tackled in a smart and comprehensive manner?</i>	
Research line 1: Socio-legal research	Socio-legal research question: <i>Is the Netherlands a breeding ground for crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law and, if so, how should the country (pro)actively protect itself against their most corrosive effects (inter)nationally?</i>
Work package 1.1. Criminal law focus	Sub-question 1.1a: <i>How can we gain a fundamental understanding of crime that undermines democratic societies governed by the rule of law in all their dimensions through (improved) crime (victim) detection and analysis?</i>
	Sub-question 1.1b: <i>How should the Netherlands respond with (retributive and proactive) law and policy interventions against crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law and its most corrosive effects, considering that criminal law ought to be used as last resort (ultimum remedium)?</i>
Work package 1.2. Private law, human rights law focus	Sub-question 1.2a: <i>How can we gain a fundamental understanding of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law when committed as Dutch corporate crime (abroad) or at least through (inter)national corporate complicity?</i>
	Sub-question 1.2b: <i>How should the Netherlands respond against the most corrosive effects of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law by making supply chains more transparent via human rights due diligence?</i>
Research line 2: Computer science research	Computer science research question: <i>What are the patterns of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law, and what do simulated interventions teach us about how the Netherlands could actively protect itself against its most corrosive effects?</i>
Pattern focus	Sub-question 2.1.a: <i>How can we automatically identify relevant patterns in the complex data on crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law?</i>
	Sub-question 2.1b.: <i>How can we do this within the bounds of law?</i>
Anomaly and intervention focus	Sub-question 2.2.a: <i>How can we identify crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law, especially when committed by (criminal) networks, by focusing on anomalies?</i>

	<p>Sub-question 2.2.b: <i>What are the effects of simulated interventions against the most corrosive effects of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law?</i></p>
<p>Research line 3: Socioeconomic research</p>	<p><u>Socio-economic research question:</u> <i>What is the perpetrator-victim-facilitator-triad of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law, and what is the impact of simulated interventions aimed at actively protecting itself against the most corrosive effects on the Netherlands at the national level?</i></p>
<p>Thick description focus</p>	<p><u>Sub-question 3.1:</u> <i>What can thick descriptions of the perpetrator-victim-facilitator triad contribute to our fundamental understanding of crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law?</i></p>
<p>Reconstruction and impact of intervention focus</p>	<p><u>Sub-question 3.2.a:</u> <i>How can we reconstruct the (criminal) networks involved in crimes that undermine democratic societies governed by the rule of law?</i></p>
	<p><u>Sub-question 3.2.b:</u> <i>What is the economic and social impact for the Netherlands of simulated interventions intended to counter their most corrosive effects at the national level?</i></p>